Role No. Roll No. Code No. 32/3

Please check that this question paper contains 10 printed pages + 1 Map.

Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.

Please check that this question paper contains 26 questions.

Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.

15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे
Time allowed : 3 hours

अधिकतम अंक : 80
Maximum Marks : 80
General Instructions:

(i) The question paper has 26 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.

(ii) Marks are indicated against each question.

(iii) Questions from serial number 1 to 7 are Very Short Answer type Questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

(iv) Questions from serial number 8 to 18 are 3 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.

(v) Questions from serial number 19 to 25 are 5 marks questions. Answers of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.

(vi) Question number 26 is a map question. It has two parts 26(A) and 26(B). 26(A) of 2 marks from History and 26(B) of 3 marks from Geography. After completion attach the map inside your answer book.

(vii) There is no overall choice. However, internal choice has been provided in some questions. You have to attempt only one of the alternatives in all such-questions.
CBSE Sample Papers for Class 10

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CBSE Sample Paper For Class 10 Maths</th>
<th>CBSE Sample Papers For Class 10 Science</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CBSE Sample Paper For Class 10 Social Science</td>
<td>CBSE Sample Paper for Class 10 English</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBSE Sample Paper for Class 10 English Communicative</td>
<td>CBSE Sample Paper for Class 10 Hindi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBSE Sample Paper For Class 10 Sanskrit</td>
<td>CBSE Sample Paper for Class 10 Computer Science</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBSE Previous Year Papers for Class 10 All Subjects PDF Download</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Solved CBSE Sample Papers for Class 10 Science 2019

- [Solved Science Sample Question Paper 2019 Set 1](#)
- [Solved Science Sample Question Paper 2019 Set 2](#)
- [Solved Science Sample Question Paper 2019 Set 3](#)
- [Solved Science Sample Question Paper 2019 Set 4](#)
- [Solved Science Sample Question Paper 2019 Set 5](#)
- [Solved Science Sample Question Paper 2019 Set 6](#)
1. Classify resources on the basis of exhaustibility.

2. When we change natural products into other forms, which category of economic sector such activity comes?

3. Why is money accepted as a medium of exchange?

4. How can two persons have different developmental goals?

5. Why could not manuscripts satisfy the increasing demand of books in Europe during fourteenth country?

OR

Why was ‘Pickwick Papers’ written by Charles Dickens a notable event of 1836?

7. Why did most developing countries organize themselves into the Group of 77 during 1960s?

OR

18वीं शताब्दी में लंदन में बड़ी संख्या में बच्चों को उनके अभिभाषकों द्वारा मामूली वेतन के काम पर क्यों ध्यकला गया?

8. Why are large number of children pushed to low-paid work during the 18th century in London by their parents?


10. Describe any three factors that are responsible for breaking down of caste system in India.
11. How does public sector contribute to the economic development to the nation? Explain.  


14. Explain any three major problems faced by road transport in India.  

15. ‘Pratham visay yud’ ke baad britain ki aarthik dashaon ka varna kiijiye.  

Athanva  
Biswa shatabdi ke prarambh mein britain mein ‘jobbers’ ki bhoomikaa ka varna kiijiye.  

Athanva  
Unnisaan shatabdi ke dooraan Bombay (Mumbai) mein aaprickaityon ki kinnhi pramukh teen samasyaon ka varna kiijiye.  

Describe the economic conditions of Britain after the ‘First World War’.  

OR  
Describe the role of ‘Jobbers’ in the beginning of twentieth century in India.  

OR  
Describe any three major problems faced by migrants in Bombay (Mumbai) during nineteenth century.
16. Why is there a need to develop rainwater harvesting system in India? Explain.

17. “Chance is an opportunity for progress.” Justify the statement.

18. “Print created the possibility of wide circulation of ideas and introduced a new world of debate and discussion.” Analyse the statement in the context of religion in Europe.

OR

“Premchand’s novels are filled with all kinds of powerful characters from all levels of society.” Analyse the statement with examples.

19. “The declining share of agriculture in the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is a matter of serious concern in India.” Support the statement.
20. “शिकायतों का बने रहना लोकतंत्र की सफलता की गवाही है।” इस कथन को न्यायसंगत ठहराए।

‘Complaints are treated as testimony to the success of democracy.’ Justify this statement.

21. लोकतंत्र को मजबूत बनाने में क्षेत्रीय राजनीतिक दलों के महत्व का वर्णन कीजिए।

अथवा

लोकतांत्रिक सरकार में राजनीतिक दलों के महत्व का वर्णन कीजिए।

Describe the importance of regional political parties in strengthening democracy.

OR

Describe the importance of political parties in a Democratic Government.

22. गांधीजी ने प्रस्तावित रॉलट एक्ट (1919) के विरुद्ध एक राष्ट्रव्यापी सत्याग्रह चलाने का निर्णय क्यों लिया?

इसका विरोध किस प्रकार किया गया? व्याख्या कीजिए।

अथवा

‘नमक यात्रा’ उपनिवेशवाद के विरुद्ध विरोध का प्रभावी प्रतीक क्यों मानी गई? व्याख्या कीजिए।

Why did Gandhiji decide to launch a nationwide ‘Satyagraha’ against the proposed Rowlatt Act (1919)? How was it opposed? Explain.

OR

Why was the ‘Salt March’ considered an effective symbol of resistance against colonialism? Explain.
23. ‘विदेशी व्यापार’ से उपभोक्ता और उत्पादक किस प्रकार लाभान्वित हो सकते हैं? उदाहरण सहित व्याख्या कीजिए।  

अथवा  
कुछ ही बयों में हमारे बाजार पर विशेषता राखी गई है? उदाहरण सहित व्याख्या कीजिए।  

How can consumers and producers be benefited from ‘foreign trade’? Explain with examples.

OR

How have our markets been transformed in recent years? Explain with examples.

24. फ्रांसीसी क्रांतिकारियों द्वारा फ्रांसीसी लोगों में एक सामूहिक पहचान की भावना पैदा करने के लिए प्रयास किए गए किन्हीं पाँच उपायों का वर्णन कीजिए।  

अथवा  
‘मेकोंग डेल्टा क्षेत्र’ के विकास के लिए फ्रांसीसियों द्वारा उठाए गए किन्हीं पाँच कदमों का वर्णन कीजिए।  

Describe any five measures introduced by the French Revolutionaries to create a sense of collective identity amongst the French people.

OR

Describe any five steps taken by the French to develop the ‘Mekong Delta Region’.

25. लोहा तथा इस्पात उद्योग के मुख्यत: ‘घोटालागुपर’ पठारी क्षेत्र में संकेतन के लिए उत्तरदायी किन्हीं पाँच कारकों की व्याख्या कीजिए।  

अथवा  
पत्सन उद्योग के मुख्यत: ‘हुगली नदी’ के तटों के साथ-साथ स्थित होने के लिए उत्तरदायी किन्हीं पाँच कारकों की व्याख्या कीजिए।
Explain any five factors that are responsible for concentration of ‘iron and steel’ industries mainly in ‘Chhotanagpur Plateau Region’.

OR

Explain any five factors that are responsible for the location of the ‘jute mills’ mainly along the banks of the ‘Hugli River’.

26. (A) दो लक्षण (a) और (b) भारत के दिए गए राजनीतिक रेखा-मानचित्र में अंकित किए गए हैं। इन लक्षणों को निम्नलिखित जानकारी के सहायता से पहचानिए और उनके नाम मानचित्र पर खींची गई रेखाओं पर लिखिए:

(i) वह स्थान जहाँ भारतीय राष्ट्रीय कांग्रेस का अधिवेशन हुआ।

(ii) वह नगर जहाँ जलियाँबागा बाग की घटना हुई।

(B) इसी दिए गए भारत के राजनीतिक रेखा-मानचित्र में निम्नलिखित का उपयुक्त चिह्नों से दर्शाए और उनके नाम लिखिए:

(i) कांडला: प्रमुख समुद्री पत्तन

(ii) भिलाई: लोहा और इस्माई संयंत्र

(iii) बेंगा: आर्यविक ऊर्जा संयंत्र

(A) Two features (a) and (b) are marked on the given political outline map of India. Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map:

(i) The place where the Indian National Congress Session was held.

(ii) The city where ‘Jallianwala Bagh’ incidence took place.
(B) Locate and label the following with appropriate symbols on the same given outline political map of India:

(i) Kandla : Major Sea Port

(ii) Bhilai : Iron and Steel Plant

(iii) Kaiga : Nuclear Power Plant

Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only in lieu of Q. No. 26:

(26.1) Name the place from where the Civil Disobedience Movement was started.

(26.2) Name the state where Chauri-Chaura incidence took place.

(26.3) Name the state where Kandla sea-port is located.

(26.4) Name the state where Bhilai ‘Iron and Steel Plant’ is located.

(26.5) Name the state where Kaiga ‘Nuclear Power Plant’ is located.
Outline Map of India (Political)
NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science History: India and the Contemporary World-II

- Chapter 1 The Rise of Nationalism in Europe
- Chapter 2 The Nationalist Movement in Indo-China
- Chapter 3 Nationalism in India
- Chapter 4 The Making of Global World
- Chapter 5 The Age of Industrialisation
- Chapter 6 Work, Life and Leisure
- Chapter 7 Print Culture and the Modern World
- Chapter 8 Novels, Society and History

NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Geography: Contemporary India-II

- Chapter 1 Resource and Development
- Chapter 2 Forest and Wildlife Resources (Extra Questions for Forest and Wildlife Resources)
- Chapter 3 Water Resources (Extra Questions for Water Resources)
- Chapter 4 Agriculture (Extra Questions for Agriculture)
- Chapter 5 Minerals and Energy Resources (Extra Questions for Minerals and Energy Resources)
- Chapter 6 Manufacturing Industries (Extra Questions for Manufacturing Industries)
- Chapter 7 Lifelines of National Economy

NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Civics (Political Science): Democratic Politics-II

- Chapter 1 Power Sharing
- Chapter 2 Federalism (Extra Questions for Federalism)
- Chapter 3 Democracy and Diversity (Extra Questions for Democracy and Diversity)
- Chapter 4 Gender Religion and Caste (Extra questions for Gender Religion and Caste)
- Chapter 5 Popular Struggles and Movements (Extra Questions for Popular Struggles and Movement)
NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Economics: Understanding Economic Development – II

- Chapter 1 Understanding Economic Development
- Chapter 2 Sectors of Indian Economy
- Chapter 3 Money and Credit
- Chapter 4 Globalization and the Indian Economy
- Chapter 5 Consumer Rights

NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Disaster Management

- Tsunami – The Killer sea Waves
- Survival Skills (Extra Questions Survival Skills)
- Safe Construction Practices (Extra Questions Safe Construction Practices)
- Sharing Responsibilities (Extra Questions Sharing Responsibilities)
- Planning Ahead

NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Democratic Politics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter No</th>
<th>Chapter Name</th>
<th>Type of Questions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 1</td>
<td>Power Sharing</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions, LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 2</td>
<td>Federalism</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions, LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 3</td>
<td>Democracy and Diversity</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions, LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 4</td>
<td>Gender Religion and Caste</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions, LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 5</td>
<td>Popular Struggles and Movements</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions, LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Social Science (SST) - Civics NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social Science Democratic Politics
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter No</th>
<th>Chapter Name</th>
<th>Type of Questions</th>
<th>Type of Questions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 1</td>
<td>Resource and Development</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 2</td>
<td>Forest and Wildlife Resources</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 3</td>
<td>Water Resources</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 4</td>
<td>Agriculture</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 5</td>
<td>Minerals and Energy Resources</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 6</td>
<td>Manufacturing Industries</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 7</td>
<td>Lifelines of National Economy</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter No</th>
<th>Chapter Name</th>
<th>Type of Questions</th>
<th>Type of Questions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 1</td>
<td>The Rise of Nationalism in Europe</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 2</td>
<td>The Nationalist Movement in Indo-China</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 3</td>
<td>Nationalism in India</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 4</td>
<td>The Making of Global World</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 5</td>
<td>The Age of Industrialisation</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 6</td>
<td>Work, Life and Leisure</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 7</td>
<td>Print Culture and the Modern World</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 8</td>
<td>Novels, Society and History</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter No</th>
<th>Chapter Name</th>
<th>Type of Questions</th>
<th>Type of Questions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 1</td>
<td>Development</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 2</td>
<td>Sectors of Indian Economy</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 3</td>
<td>Money and Credit</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 4</td>
<td>Globalization and the Indian Economy</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter 5</td>
<td>Consumer Rights</td>
<td>NCERT Solutions</td>
<td>LAQ, SAQ, VSAQ, HOTS, VBQ, NOTES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
More Resources for CBSE Class 10

- NCERT Solutions
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Science
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Maths
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Social
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 English
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Hindi
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Sanskrit
- NCERT Solutions for Class 10 Foundation of IT
- RD Sharma Class 10 Solutions